

May 16, 2019

The Honorable Frank Pallone Chairman, House Energy and Commerce Committee U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Donna Shalala Member of Congress U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairman Pallone and Representative Shalala:

We are writing to express our strong support for H.R. 2339, the Reversing the Youth Tobacco Epidemic Act of 2019. Your legislation will address the current youth e-cigarette epidemic that is threatening to undermine the progress that has been made in reducing youth cigarette use and also reduce youth use of other tobacco products. Your bill's comprehensive approach to reducing tobacco use will protect public health and save lives.

The bill's prohibition on flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids, including flavored ecigarettes, flavored cigars and menthol cigarettes, is especially critical to stop tobacco companies from continuing to target and addict kids with enticing flavors. Youth use of ecigarettes spiked in 2018, increasing by 78 percent among high school students and 48 percent among middle school students in just one year. In 2018, more than 3.6 million middle and high school students were e-cigarette users. The FDA and the US Surgeon General have both called

this alarming rise in youth e-cigarette use an "epidemic". It is clear that flavors, including kidfriendly flavors like gummy bear and cotton candy, play a significant role in attracting youth to these products. Ninety-seven percent of youth e-cigarette users report using a flavored ecigarette in the last month.

Your proposed action to prohibit menthol cigarettes is critically important. Menthol cools and numbs the throat and reduces the harshness of tobacco, making it easier and more appealing for youth to start smoking. Over half of youth smokers — and seven in ten African American youth smokers — smoke menthol cigarettes. Eighty-five percent of all African American smokers smoke menthol cigarettes, which is the result of decades of pervasive tobacco industry marketing targeting the African American community. A 2013 FDA analysis concluded that menthol cigarettes increase youth initiation, increase nicotine addiction, and make it harder for smokers to quit.

In addition to public health concerns about e-cigarettes and menthol cigarettes, over one million high school students smoke cigars. High school boys smoke cigars at approximately the same rate as cigarettes, and African American high school students smoke cigars at nearly three times the rate of cigarettes. Cigars are available in a wide variety of flavors that are attractive to kids and flavored cigars make up more than half of the cigar market.

Your bill's prohibition on the sale of tobacco products to individuals under the age of 21 would further reduce youth tobacco use. Increasing the tobacco sale age to 21 would help keep tobacco products out of high schools where many younger teens often obtain tobacco products from older students. About 95 percent of adult smokers start before age 21. Young people who do not begin smoking by their early 20s are unlikely to ever start.

Further, your prohibition on online sales of tobacco products would shut off an easy way for kids to buy e-cigarettes and other tobacco products online. Studies have shown that many tobacco products are sold online with limited or no age verification requirements. Enforcement of state and local tobacco laws, including tobacco taxes, is made more difficult with online sales.

Finally, we also support the provisions in your bill that would extend the marketing restrictions that the FDA currently applies to cigarettes and smokeless tobacco products to all tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and cigars. These include much needed prohibitions on brandname sponsorships of sports, music or other events.

Our organizations applaud your leadership in introducing this comprehensive legislation, and we look forward to working with you to advance this bill.

Sincerely,

Academy of General Dentistry
Action on Smoking & Health
Allergy & Asthma Network

American Academy of Family Physicians

American Academy of Oral and

Maxillofacial Pathology

American Academy of Otolaryngology—

Head and Neck Surgery

American Academy of Pediatrics

American Association for Dental

Research

American Association for Respiratory

Care

American Cancer Society Cancer Action

Network

American College of Cardiology American College of Physicians American College of Preventive

Medicine

American Dental Association
American Heart Association
American Lung Association

American Psychological Association

American Public Health Association

American School Health Association

American Society of Addiction Medicine

American Thoracic Society

Americans for Nonsmokers' Rights

Asian Pacific Partners for

Empowerment, Advocacy and

Leadership (APPEAL)

Association of Maternal & Child Health

Programs

Association of Schools and Programs of

Public Health

Association of State and Territorial

Health Officials

Big Cities Health Coalition

Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids

Cancer Prevention and Treatment Fund

Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of

America

COPD Foundation

Counter Tools

Eta Sigma Gamma – National Health

Education Honorary

March of Dimes

National African American Tobacco

Prevention Network

National Association of County and City

Health Officials

National Association of Pediatric Nurse

Practitioners

National Association of School Nurses

National Association of Social Workers

National Hispanic Medical Association

National Medical Association

National Network of Public Health

Institutes

Oncology Nursing Society

Prevention Institute

Society for Cardiovascular Angiography

and Interventions

Society for Public Health Education

Students Against Destructive Decisions

The Society of State Leaders of Health

and Physical Education

The Society of Thoracic Surgeons

Trinity Health

Trust for America's Health