Health Insurance Marketplaces 101

What is a health insurance Marketplace?

- Health insurance Marketplaces (also called Exchanges) are state-based online marketplaces where people and small businesses can shop for and buy private health insurance. The Marketplaces are not private insurance companies or government-run health plans.
- The Marketplace is a destination where consumers can easily compare insurance options based on price, benefits and other factors to choose the insurance that best fits their needs.

What is the current status of health insurance Marketplaces?

- Congress failed to repeal and replace the Affordable Care Act, so Marketplaces are still the best place to shop for insurance.
- Marketplaces are stabilizing. Some states have set rates for 2020 that are only slightly higher than 2019 and other states are reporting rate decreases.
- There are more consumer choices for 2020. Every U.S. county has at least one insurer selling insurance through the Marketplace. Some insurers who previously exited the Marketplace have recently returned.

Who can enroll through a Marketplace?

- Use the Marketplace if you do not have coverage through your job, Medicare, Medicaid or the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP).
- If you get insurance from your employer, you can buy through the Marketplace, but you’ll likely pay full price unless your insurance isn’t affordable or doesn’t meet certain standards.
- You must live in the U.S. as a citizen or be here legally.
- You may not be in prison. Once you are granted parole, you will have the opportunity to purchase health coverage on the exchange or enroll in Medicaid.

Why should I enroll through the Marketplace?

- You’ll get coverage for pre-existing health conditions that may have kept you from getting coverage in the past.
- You can compare costs and coverage between different health insurance plans.
- You can see your premium, deductibles and out-of-pocket costs before you decide to enroll.
- Most people who enroll through the Marketplace receive some level of financial support (87 percent last year).
- Insurance companies and brokers who sell plans outside of the Marketplace may not show you all of your options and may receive extra money if you buy certain plans.

How can I find the Marketplace for my state and where do I sign up?

- Information is available on the website, HealthCare.gov where you can also find resources, videos, and checklists and live web chat available 24/7 in English and Spanish.
What can I buy through the Marketplace?

- There are four categories of plans – Bronze, Silver, Gold and Platinum. They balance coverage and out-of-pocket costs. This video\(^1\) provides a brief explanation about the trade-offs between different plans and this website\(^2\) provides additional information to help you shop.
- In general, the more you pay in premiums, the less you will pay in deductibles and other costs.
- Marketplace catastrophic plans have low premiums and very high deductibles. They cover the same essential health benefits as other Marketplace plans, but you cannot receive financial support for them and they are only available to people under 30 or with a hardship exemption\(^3\).

What will a Marketplace health plan cover?

- All health plans offered on the Marketplace must cover a comprehensive set of benefits, including physician visits, preventive care, hospital stays and prescriptions. Plans must also treat everyone fairly; discrimination based on pre-existing conditions is prohibited.
- Short-term health plans may be available outside of the Marketplace. They are less expensive but much less comprehensive than Marketplace plans because they do not have to cover the same set of benefits as Marketplace health plans and can deny coverage or charge you more if you have a pre-existing condition. If you received a subsidy to help cover your insurance premium, it cannot be used to purchase a short-term health plan. Experts warn buyer beware. Before you purchase a short-term plan, see our fact sheet here\(^4\).

What if I cannot afford insurance?

- Through a health insurance Marketplace, financial help to lower costs is available for people who qualify. Consumers may be eligible for premium tax credits that help pay the monthly premium or premium tax credits plus cost sharing reductions which lower the amount you pay when you receive care.
  - Cost sharing reductions are only available to eligible consumers enrolled in designated silver plans.
- A free web-based calculator that provides estimates of insurance premiums and subsidies through the Marketplaces can be accessed here\(^5\).
- Subsidies do not apply to catastrophic plans or any plan not purchased through the Marketplace.
- Your state Marketplace will check your income to confirm your eligibility.

When can I enroll?

- Anyone can enroll through the Marketplace during open enrollment. In 2020, open enrollment runs from November 1 to December 15. California, Colorado, DC, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New York, and Rhode Island have extended the deadline for open enrollment beyond December 15\(^6\). Check with your state marketplace to learn more.
- You might qualify to enroll outside of open enrollment because of a “qualifying life event” which allows you to access a Special Enrollment Period. Find out if you are eligible here\(^7\).

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\(^1\) [https://www.healthcare.gov/youtube-videos/xokpaang3r8.html](https://www.healthcare.gov/youtube-videos/xokpaang3r8.html)
\(^2\) [https://www.healthcare.gov/choose-a-plan/comparing-plans/](https://www.healthcare.gov/choose-a-plan/comparing-plans/)
\(^3\) [https://www.healthcare.gov/health-coverage-exemptions/hardship-exemptions/](https://www.healthcare.gov/health-coverage-exemptions/hardship-exemptions/)
\(^5\) [https://www.kff.org/interactive/subsidy-calculator/](https://www.kff.org/interactive/subsidy-calculator/)
\(^6\) [https://www.kff.org/health-reform/fact-sheet/aca-open-enrollment-if-you-are-low-income/](https://www.kff.org/health-reform/fact-sheet/aca-open-enrollment-if-you-are-low-income/)
\(^7\) [https://www.healthcare.gov/glossary/qualifying-life-event/](https://www.healthcare.gov/glossary/qualifying-life-event/)