DATA from the 2018 Minnesota Adult Tobacco Survey shows health care providers, clinics, health systems and administrators can help smokers quit. Minnesota's adult smoking rate has dropped to 13.8 percent, down from 14.4 percent in 2014. To further reduce smoking, smokers need to be encouraged to make more quit attempts, and use of evidence-based tobacco dependence treatment needs to increase. The Healthy People 2020 goal is for 80 percent of adult smokers to make a quit attempt over a 12-month period. Minnesota data shows that 45.7 percent of adult smokers quit for one day or longer in the past 12 months.

Given 65.2 percent of smokers reported seeing a health care provider in the last 12 months, there are many ways providers, clinics, health systems and administrators can help increase quit attempts and use of evidence-based treatment, leading to long-term tobacco cessation.

REFERENCES
RATES OF DELIVERING TOBACCO TREATMENT VARY

Evidence-based guidelines provide strategies for routinely assessing and addressing tobacco use. This includes the 5 A’s, which are to: Ask about tobacco use, Advise all tobacco users to quit, Assess their readiness to quit, Assist them in the quitting process and Arrange for follow-up. In Minnesota, health care providers are successfully assessing tobacco use (Figure 1). In 2018, 95.4 percent of smokers who saw a health care provider reported being asked if they smoke. However, there is room for improvement in assisting tobacco users in quitting (Figures 1 and 2):

- 76.4 percent report being advised not to smoke.
- 55.2 percent of current smokers report receiving a referral for assistance to quit.
- 48 percent of smokers report using some form of assistance.

AGE DIFFERENCES IN QUIT ATTEMPTS

Young adults (18-24) are more likely than older smokers to make quit attempts particularly compared to 45-64 year olds, 54.3 vs. 40.5 percent respectively (Figure 3). If we want to achieve the Healthy People goal of 80 percent of smokers making a quit attempt, then smokers of all ages need to be supported in the quitting process.

REFERENCES

In order to reduce tobacco related disparities, all smokers need to have their tobacco use routinely assessed, and need to be offered both counseling and medications to help them in the quitting process.

**WHAT CAN HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS DO?**

There are several things health care providers can do to assist their smoking patients in the quitting process. Providers can:

- Educate patients about evidence-based smoking cessation treatments and recommend both counseling and medications.
- Assist patients by providing brief counseling during office visits and/or refer to cessation programs, such as quitlines.
- Prescribe cessation medications and carefully consider the amount of medication and dose needed for a successful quit attempt.
- Follow up with patients to see if they need additional support.

The FDA has approved seven medications for smoking cessation. Medications that are available either over the counter or by prescription are the nicotine patch, nicotine gum and nicotine lozenge. Medications that are available by prescription only are nicotine nasal spray, nicotine inhaler, bupropion SR (Zyban/Wellbutrin) and varenicline (Chantix).

**REFERENCES**


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**WHAT CAN CLINICS, HEALTH SYSTEMS AND ADMINISTRATORS DO?**

Clinics, health systems and administrators can implement standard processes to routinely assess tobacco use status and intervene with patients that use tobacco. This includes:

- Using referrals to other programs or providers as part of this process (e.g., the Minnesota Quitline Network, other quit-smoking programs or tobacco treatment specialists).
- Utilizing the electronic health record (EHR) to support the process and generate data to monitor tobacco use assessment and treatment.
- Taking a team approach to addressing tobacco use, including defining each care team member’s role in the process.
- Training team members in the tobacco use assessment and treatment process.
- Giving feedback to providers to help improve provider interventions.
- Incorporating the process as a routine part of care delivered by the clinic or system (e.g., how new employees will be trained, how the process will be integrated into quality improvement efforts).
Several resources are available to assist with tobacco dependence health systems change. A Health Systems Change Starter Toolkit for Clinics was developed last year in partnership with ClearWay MinnesotaSM and the Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement. The toolkit provides basic steps and tools for implementing tobacco dependence health systems change. This toolkit is available on ClearWay Minnesota’s Tobacco Health Systems Change website, www.clearwaymn.org/policy/tobacco-health-systems-change which also includes a number of additional resources.

MINNESOTA QUITLINE NETWORK

Health care providers can further assist patients in quitting tobacco by joining the Minnesota Quitline Network. Providers fax a standard referral form to one number for any patient interested in quitting, regardless of the patient’s insurance. The appropriate health plan quitline makes the first call to the smoker. The Minnesota Quitline Network is a collaboration of Minnesota’s major health plans and ClearWay MinnesotaSM and is administered by the Minnesota Department of Health. For more information and to register your clinic, visit www.health.mn.gov/mnquitlines.

QUITPLAN® SERVICES

QUITPLAN Services are free and available to all Minnesotans. Services include text-messaging support, a two-week nicotine replacement therapy (NRT) starter kit, an email program and a guide to quitting tobacco use. Everyone who lives in Minnesota has access to free phone coaching to quit tobacco, either through their health plan, employer or through QUITPLAN Services. Providers and patients can learn more about QUITPLAN Services at www.quitplan.com or by calling 888-354-PLAN (7526). For services in Spanish, call 855-DEJELO-YA (335-3569). For phone coaching in a language other than Spanish, call 888-354-PLAN (7526) and ask for an interpreter. For the American Indian Quitline call 888-7AI-QUIT or visit www.aiquit.com.

AMERICAN LUNG ASSOCIATION CESSATION RESOURCE LIBRARY

The American Lung Association has compiled many resources for health care providers and health systems on health systems change and cessation policy. Learn more at www.lung.org/cessationta.